REPORT	DOCUMENTATION PAGE	AFRL-SR	R-BL-TR-00-	
Public reporting burden for this collection of information and maintaining the data needed, and collection of information, including suggestions for Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 2220	completing and reviewing the collection of or reducing this burden, to Washington Hea 2-4302, and to the Office of Management a	response, inclu	364	arces, of this erson
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank		3. REPURITE		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE	20 May 2000		1 Jul 95 - 30 Jun 98 5. FUNDING NUMBERS	
Waveguide Controls on Regional	Waves		F49620-95-1-0461	
6. AUTHOR(S) Thorne Lay				
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION N	AME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)	**********	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZAT	ΓΙΟΝ
Institute of Tectonics and W.M. Keck Seismological Lab			REPORT NUMBER	
Earth Science Department				
Earth and Marine Science Building	g			
University of California				
Santa Cruz, CA 95064 9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGI		10)	40. 000110001110111011170011	
AFOSR			10. SPONSORING/MONITORII AGENCY REPORT NUMBE	
801 North Randolph Street, Room	732			
Arlington, VA 22203-1977			F49620-95-1-0461	l
111111gton, 111 22203 1377				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
40. DISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY			LASE DISTRIBUTION CODE	
12a. DISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY S	STATEMENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
Approved for but	blia valana			
Approved for pul	blic release,			
distribution unlimited				
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 word				
One of the first-order challenges a	_	_		
energy partitioning for different so		_	-	_
history. We have developed a pro-		_		
relationships with readily observal	7			
Soviet Union under prior DARPA				
topographic roughness and/or averantle distances. Surface topographic		•		• •
gross variations in the waveguide		_		
such as Pn/Lg or Sn/Lg can be ac		-		
measures offers the possibility of				
We will analyze additional explosi		-		
United States and Middle East, to			-	
analysis. Simultaneously, we will	perform numerical investigation	ons of the effects of sur	face topography on regional	phase
energy partitioning to lead to a qu	antitative understanding of the	strong empirical relation	ons that we have discovered.	
14. SUBJECT TERMS			15. NUMBER OF PA	GES
			2	
			16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 1 OF REPORT	8. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIF	ICATION 20. LIMITATION OF A	ABSTRACT

TITLE OF PROJECT:

Waveguide Controls on Regional Waves

Grant #:

F49620-95-1-0461

Principal Investigator:

Thorne Lay

Institute of Tectonics and W. M. Keck Seismological Lab Earth Science Department Earth and Marine Science Building

University of California Santa Cruz, CA 95064

Final Report of 20 May 2000

Reporting period 1 July 1995 to 30 June 1998

Wageguide Controls on Regional Waves

2. Objectives

This project was a three-year effort (1 July, 1995 to 30 June, 1998) focussed on the fundamental problem of using short-period regional seismic signals to discriminate small nuclear explosions from earthquakes or large quarry blasts. This is an AASERT grant, which added one graduate student, Kris Eckhardt, to an ongoing funded study by AFOSR (at the outset, the "master" grant was F49620-94-1-0247, "Calibration of Regional Wave Discriminants in Diverse Geological Environments: Topographic Correlations", which concluded on 30 Apr 1997; and their was a subsequent "master" grant, F19628-95-K-0014, "Crustal Waveguide Effects on Regional Phases in China and Southeast Asia", which completed on 11 Nov. 1997. One of the first-order challenges associated with non-proliferation monitoring is to understand short-period seismic wave energy partitioning for different sources in diverse geological environments, many of which have no prior nuclear explosion history. We have developed a promising new approach of empirical calibration of regional phase energy partitioning based on relationships with readily observable surface topographic characteristics. Analysis of nuclear test recordings in the former Soviet Union under prior ARPA and AFOSR sponsored contracts revealed very strong correlations between surface topographic roughness and/or average elevation with energy partitioning in Pn, Sn and Lg phases at regional and upper mantle distances. Surface topography appears to provide, at least over many Eurasian paths, a surface observable tracking gross variations in the waveguide properties that control regional phases. Significant reduction in the scatter of measurements such as Pn/Lg or Sn/Lg can be achieved by empirical correction for path topography. Reduced scatter in such discriminant measures offers the possibility of enhanced discriminant and yield estimation performance for non-proliferation applications. Analysis of additional explosion and earthquake data sets in Eurasia, as well as earthquake data sets in the Western United States, and Middle East is being undertaken to establish whether surface topographic corrections are generally useful for regional phase analysis will be undertaken. Simultaneously, we will perform numerical investigations of the effects of surface topography on regional phase energy partitioning to lead to a quantitative understanding of the strong empirical relations that we have discovered.

3. Status of Effort

The research of the master and AASERT grants has all been completed, and is published in reports and papers. This master AFOSR projects proceeded very well, and this AASERT funding added third year graduate student Kristine Eckhardt to the research project. She participated in the data processing that demonstrated that topography can be used to reduce the variance in regional discriminants, to almost the same extent that distance corrections can. This was demonstrated using a high quality data set for earthquakes in the western United States and Eurasia. Some progress was made in modeling the empirical results, however, it is still beyond current modeling techniques to fully validate the waveguide controls.

4. Statement of Accomplishments/Pending Work

The budget period for this project was 36 months, initiating July 1, 1995. Kris was a Graduate Research Associate during this time, and she participated in data collection and preliminary data processing for the main effort in the master grants, which was followed through by postdoctoral researchers Guangwei Fan and Arthur Rodgers. In 1999, Kris completed her Ph.D. thesis in Seismology at UCSC, and she is now teaching at Idylwild Academy.

5. Personnel Supported

P.I.: Thorne Lay, Professor of Earth Sciences Graduate Student Kristine Eckhardt

6. Publications

Related reports that benefitted from this AASERT support are attached. These include citations for about 8 publications related to this combined research program.

7. Interactions/Transitions

a. Presentations.

None

- b. Consultative and Advisory Functions
- T. Lay served on the AFTAC Seismological Review Panel, with 3 meetings each year, during the grant, along with serving on two subsequent DOE/DSWA, DTRA Review Panels..
- T. Lay chaired a Panel of the National Research Council addressing the topic of "Seismological Research Requirements of a Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty". In addition to organizing 4 meetings of the panel, T. Lay was the lead author on the Panel final report, which played a significant role in CTBT discussion and research program planning.
- c. Transitions

Our work inspired extensive research by ENSCO, LANL and LLNL in the analysis of empirical methods to reduce scatter in regional seismic discriminants.

8. New Discoveries, inventions or patent disclosures.

No inventions or patents. Our seismological analysis discovered new features of the behavior of regional phases in the complex crustal waveguide.

9. Honors Awards

None.